The Syntax Of Mishnaic Hebrew In Hebrew | e33afc58b09e20ff0c0b53322f68fede4

Language in Religious Practice
A Grammar of Mishnaic Hebrew
The Recent Study of Hebrew
Bibliographica Judaica
Studies in Modern Hebrew Syntax and Semantics
Pathways in Judaism
Studies in Semitic and General Linguistics in Honor of Gideon Goldenberg
Language in Jewish Society

Where To Download The Syntax Of Mishnaic Hebrew In Hebrew

This is a stimulating description by an outstanding Hebraist and Semitist of some essential features characterising the syntax of Hebrew used in non-artistic prose during the 12th-15th centuries in Southern France and Spain. An essential reading for any Hebraist and Semitist interested in the historical development of Hebrew syntax.

A Grammar of Mishnaic Hebrew

A collection of essays on syntactical questions in the field of Hebrew and Aramaic, dealing with the nominal sentence, the particle 'et, clause types, word order and concord within sentences, the status and use of particles and verbal forms. In addition to Biblical Hebrew, other language forms discussed in some of the essays are Mishnaic and Modern Hebrew, Imperial Aramaic, Middle Aramaic and Classical Syriac.

The Recent Study of Hebrew

Meeting the need for a textbook for classroom use after first year Hebrew grammar, Waltke and O'Connor integrate the results of modern linguistic study of Hebrew and years of experience teaching the subject in this book. In addition to functioning as a teaching grammar, this work will also be widely used for reference and self-guided instruction in Hebrew beyond the first formal year. Extensive discussion and explanation of grammatical points help to sort out points blurred in introductory books. More than 3,500 Biblical Hebrew examples illustrate the points of grammar under discussion. Four indexes (Scripture, Authorities cited, Hebrew words, and Topics) provide ready access to the vast array of information found in the 40 chapters. Destined to become a classic work, this long-awaited book fills a major gap among modern publications on Biblical Hebrew.

Pathways in Judaism

The debate over form versus function rages intensely in discussions of Hebrew syntax. This volume sets out the parameters of the debate and the historical reasons for how the questions of narrative syntax are being approached by today's scholars. This publication has also been published in hardback, please click here for details.
A Survey of Syntax in the Hebrew Old Testament

This exceptional scholarly monograph applies sociolinguistic theory to the land of the Israelites in the totality of linguistic and historical events that determined the language of the ancient Jewish people. Other works divorce the language from the history and the culture of the community where it was used. Dr. Koffi's work is inclusive of all historical and linguistic elements. The result of extensive sociolinguistic research has enabled Koffi to reach back and reconstruct previous stages of language use in Biblical times. This important book is an excellent introduction to sociolinguistic theory in Biblical studies. It will be a meaningful addition to any Biblical scholar's library.

Hebrew Annual Review

The accelerated publication of the Dead Sea Scrolls makes it essential for scholars working with these texts to have reliable and up-to-date information over the nature of Qumran Hebrew and Aramaic. This volume presents results of current investigations in this field presented at a third, four-day symposium on the Hebrew of the Scrolls and Ben Sira held in October 1999 at the Ben-Gurion University in Beer-Sheva with as many as 27 papers presented, some of which deal with questions of general and fundamental importance such as the nature of Qumran Hebrew, the linguistic symbiosis in Qumran, the position of Qumran Hebrew in the history of Hebrew, the future directions of philological and linguistic investigation of Qumran Hebrew and the Scrolls. Participants, many of whom are reputed specialists in the field, came from not only Israel, but also the USA, UK, Sweden, the Netherlands, and France.

New Understanding of the Verbal System of Classical Hebrew

Historical Continuity in the Emergence of Modern Hebrew offers a new perspective on the emergence processes of Modern Hebrew and its relationship to earlier forms of Hebrew. Based on a textual examination of select case studies of language use throughout the modernization of Hebrew, this book shows that due to the unconventional sociolinguistic circumstances in the budding speech community, linguistic processes did not necessarily evolve in a linear manner, blurring the distinction between true and apparent historical continuity. The emergent language's standardization involved the restructuring of linguistic habits that had initially taken root among the first speakers, often leading to a retreat from early contact-induced or non-classical phenomena. Yael Reshef demonstrates that as a result, superficial similarity to earlier forms of Hebrew did not necessarily stem from continuity, and deviation from canonical Hebrew features does not necessarily stem from change.

If

This book presents an integrated analysis of characteristic sociolinguistic behaviour in Jewish communities. Particular attention is given to a discussion of the ways in which Jews have viewed the relationship between language and identity, how this has developed over the course of time (particularly the reaction to modernisation), why it has developed as it has, and how Jews compare to other groups in this respect. Topics discussed include diaspora Hebrew in different times and places, the revival of Hebrew, the survival of Yiddish in Ultra-Orthodox communities and its recent 'sanctification' among secular Ashkenazi Jews, other Jewish languages (particularly Aramaic, Judeo-Arabic and Judeo-Spanish) and the phenomenon of Jewish languages in general. Minority language policy in Israel, Hebrew prescriptivism, the role of sociolinguistic phenomena in the Holocaust and the Arab-Israeli conflict are also discussed in detail.

Which University?

Afroasiatic Linguistics

Current Trends in Linguistics: Linguistics in South West Asia and North Africa

Original publication and copyright date: 1988.

A Syntax of Qumran Hebrew

Hebrew studies
An Introductory Grammar of Rabbinic Hebrew

The student is introduced to the grammar, forms of expression, and idiosyncrasies of Rabbinic Hebrew. The book comprises 32 teaching units, each with a phraseology section, vocabulary, and exercise texts. Historical and morphological aspects are discussed as well as syntax and usage. There is an introductory survey of research into Rabbinic Hebrew and a
detailed bibliography.

**An Introduction to Biblical Hebrew Syntax**

**Linguistics and Language Behavior Abstracts**

**Language and Society in Biblical Times**

This volume has two objectives: first, to provide students of early Rabbinic literature with a fairly complete grammar of the dialect of that literature; and secondly, to demonstrate the organic connexion of this Mishnaic dialect with Biblical Hebrew, and its relative independence of contemporary Aramaic, at least in the field of grammar. A good deal of material belonging to comparative grammar has, therefore, been introduced, and constant reference is made to the standard authority in the English language on the grammar of Biblical Hebrew, viz. Dr. Cowley's edition of Gesenius-Kautsch's Hebrew Grammar.Ö--from the Preface

**Contents**: Introduction Part I: Phonology and Orthography Part II: Morphology Part III: Syntax

**Diggers at the Well**

This is the first, comprehensive description of the syntax of Qumran Hebrew, a language in which the Hebrew documents discovered in the eleven Qumran caves and at some sites in the Judaean desert are written. Features described include, for instance, the values and functions of the status constructus, tense, aspect and mood of the verb, the word order, the grammatical agreement or lack of it in gender and number, the concord or concatenation, the government of the verb. Comparison is constantly made with Biblical Hebrew and Mishnaic - Rabbinic Hebrew. This is important to see the position of Qumran Hebrew in the history of Hebrew. Copiously cited original texts are provided with an English translation by the author. That knowledge of the syntax of this Hebrew is important and has implications for textual criticism of these texts and other compartments such as orthography, phonology, morphology, lexicography, and stylistics is shown with concrete examples.

**Approaches to Ancient Judaism**

**Acta Societatis Linguisticae Europaeae**

**The Ashkenazic Jews**

**Ariel**

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